

# PXL Filter Media for Effective High Solids Filtration

Dual Layer Depth Filtration with P200 Upstream Layer

#### **Executive Summary**

- PXL Filter Media and Lenticular Housing Benefits:
  - Are designed for cosmetics and fibrous fermentations that readily foul the surfaces of depth filter media
  - Combine filtration media to significantly improve throughput
  - Increase contaminant retention in high solids loading processes
- Our customers saw:
  - Improvements in throughput
  - Reduced rate of operating pressure buildup
  - Full usage of the final filter media





#### **Customer #1 Challenges:**

- Customer#1 is producing an industrial API utilizing Streptomyces (SP) to produce desired enzymes they harvest.
- Generating ~ 1% cell mass debris as solids that slime the surface of standard depth media.
- Filtration with standard depth media resulted in the use of (12-16) 16 inch diameter lenticular cartridges for their batch.
- Lack of a cost-effective mechanism for separating solids and contaminants in a high solids environment



#### **ErtelAlsop Solution and Results:**

- Increase the ability of the filter media to contain rated particulate
- Two layer PXL Media and Depth Media in one lenticular cartridge
  - The P-200 primary layer reduces tendency of the solids to compact and blind the initial surface of the filter by holding material in a high loft matrix media
- PXL provided an economical and efficient alternative to traditional single layer depth filtration media
  - Significant reduction in batch processing times
  - Reduced costs –batch requires (4) 16 inch diameter-10 cell cartridges
  - Retained product quality requirements



## **Equipment and Media Used**

- 16AY4HFOST6 Pak<sup>®</sup> Lenticular "Flipping" Housing
- 16POY6M40310P2 Zeta Pak®





#### **Customer #2 - Summary and background**

- PXL was the first choice for the soft particulate, high cell count/low viability applications that readily foul the surfaces of other depth filter media.
- Customer #2 used the filtration process to manufacture an anticoagulant like antithrombin
- It is made from the milk of goats that have been genetically modified to produce human antithrombin, a plasma protein with anticoagulant properties.
- Typical throughput improvements average 3-4x
- Reduced rate of operating pressure buildup





### **Customer #2 Challenges:**

- The process of extracting this plasma protein from the goat milk causes the milk to thicken to the point where it's of similar consistency to yogurt
- They needed to significantly reduce the rate of filter fouling to extend the life of the filter media





### **ErtelAlsop Solution and Results:**

#### **Solution**

• PXL was the first filtration product that was able to provide the most economical and efficient alternative to traditional depth filtration mediums

#### Results

- The P2 layer as a prefilter is there to prevent the "yogurt" from blinding off the M-403P layer.
- It resulted in significant reduction in batch processing times and costs while not sacrificing product quality requirements.
- The use of this combination increased the yield by over 30% more than any other process tried.



### **Equipment and Media Used**

- 16PY1VDOST6 Pak<sup>®</sup> Lenticular Housing
- 16POY6M403P06P2 Zeta Pak®



